

DSN Normalization Sample Preparation Guide

Early Access Protocol

For Research Use Only

Topics

- 3 Introduction
- 4 Sample Prep Workflow
- 6 User-Supplied Consumables and Equipment
- 7 Prepare Reaction Mix
- 9 Add DSN Treatment
- 11 Purify DSN Treated DNA Templates
- 13 Enrich DNA Fragments
- 15 Purify PCR Products

This document and its contents are proprietary to Illumina, Inc. and its affiliates ("Illumina"), and are intended solely for the contractual use of its customer in connection with the use of the product(s) described herein and for no other purpose. This document and its contents shall not be used or distributed for any other purpose and/or otherwise communicated, disclosed, or reproduced in any way whatsoever without the prior written consent of Illumina. Illumina does not convey any license under its patent, trademark, copyright, or common-law rights nor similar rights of any third parties by this document.

The instructions in this document must be strictly and explicitly followed by qualified and properly trained personnel in order to ensure the proper and safe use of the product(s) described herein. All of the contents of this document must be fully read and understood prior to using such product(s).

FAILURE TO COMPLETELY READ AND EXPLICITLY FOLLOW ALL OF THE INSTRUCTIONS CONTAINED HEREIN MAY RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE PRODUCT(S), INJURY TO PERSONS, INCLUDING TO USERS OR OTHERS, AND DAMAGE TO OTHER PROPERTY.

ILLUMINA DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE IMPROPER USE OF THE PRODUCT(S) DESCRIBED HEREIN (INCLUDING PARTS THEREOF OR SOFTWARE) OR ANY USE OF SUCH PRODUCT(S) OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF THE EXPRESS WRITTEN LICENSES OR PERMISSIONS GRANTED BY ILLUMINA IN CONNECTION WITH CUSTOMER'S ACQUISITION OF SUCH PRODUCT(S).

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

© 2010 Illumina, Inc. All rights reserved.

Illumina, illuminaDx, Solexa, Making Sense Out of Life, Oligator, Sentrix, GoldenGate, GoldenGate Indexing, DASL, BeadArray, Array of Arrays, Infinium, BeadXpress, VeraCode, IntelliHyb, iSelect, CPro, GenomeStudio, Genetic Energy, HiSeq, and HiScan are registered trademarks or trademarks of Illumina, Inc. All other brands and names contained herein are the property of their respective owners.

Phusion is a trademark of Finnzymes Oy.

Notice to Purchaser: Limited license (proofreading DNA polymerases). The purchase price of this product includes a limited, non-transferable license under U.S. and foreign patents (5,500,363 and 5,352,778) owned by New England Biolabs, Inc. to use this product. No other license under these patents is conveyed expressly or by implication to the purchaser by the purchase of this product. The purchase price of this product includes a limited, non-transferable license under U.S. and foreign patents owned by BIO-RAD Laboratories, Inc., to use this product. No other license under these patents is conveyed expressly or by implication to the purchaser by the purchase of this product.

Introduction

This protocol explains how to normalize Illumina® RNA-seq sample preparation based on the use of the Duplex-Specific thermostable nuclease (DSN) enzyme, purified from Kamchatka crab hepatopancreas and manufactured by Evrogen (www.evrogen.com). DSN normalization is performed after RNA-seq sample preparation and before cluster generation. It involves the degradation of abundant DNA molecules derived from rRNA, tRNA, and housekeeping genes while preserving DNA molecules derived from less abundant transcripts. This method can be useful in a wide range of applications, including transcriptome discovery and annotation, the analysis of bacterial transcriptomes that lack poly-A tails, and the analysis of highly degraded RNA from sources such as FFPE.



This document contains an Early Access Protocol which is not supported by Illumina Technical Support or Field Applications Scientists. Customers seeking to use this protocol should be aware that even experienced users may face significant challenges in achieving consistent results.

Sample Prep Workflow

Depending on the intended application of DSN normalization, first perform Illumina's mRNA-Seq Sample Preparation or Directional mRNA-Seq Sample Preparation, modifying the protocols as specified in Table 1. Following sample preparation, perform DSN normalization prior to cluster generation.

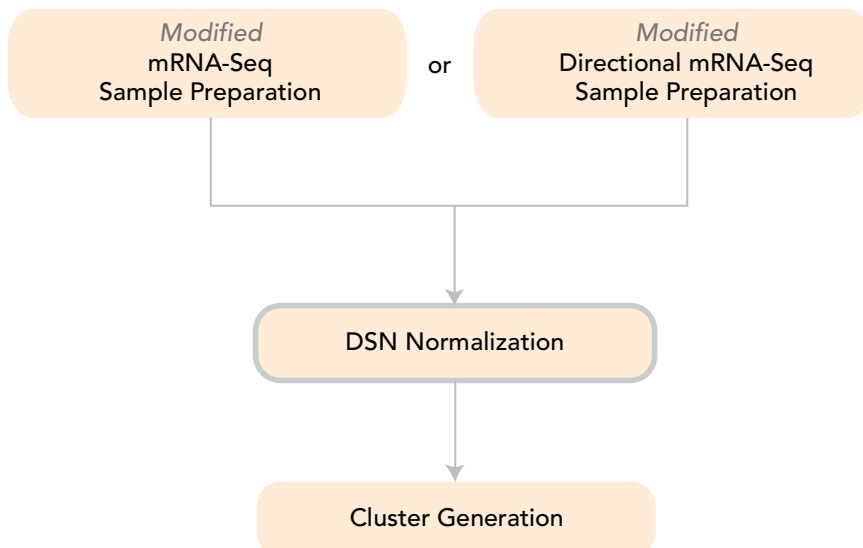


Figure 1 RNA-Seq Sample Prep Workflow with DSN Normalization

Table 1 RNA Sample Preparation Protocol Modifications

Application/Modification	Conventional cDNA Normalization	Prokaryotic or Eukaryotic Transcriptome Discovery and Annotation	FFPE
No modification	X		
No Poly-A Selection		X	
No Poly-A Selection or Fragmentation			X
Total RNA Input	1 µg	100 ng	100 ng



NOTE

If you are modifying the mRNA-Seq or Directional mRNA-Seq sample preparation protocol for no poly-A selection or no poly-A selection or fragmentation, then the input RNA should be reduced to 100 ng.

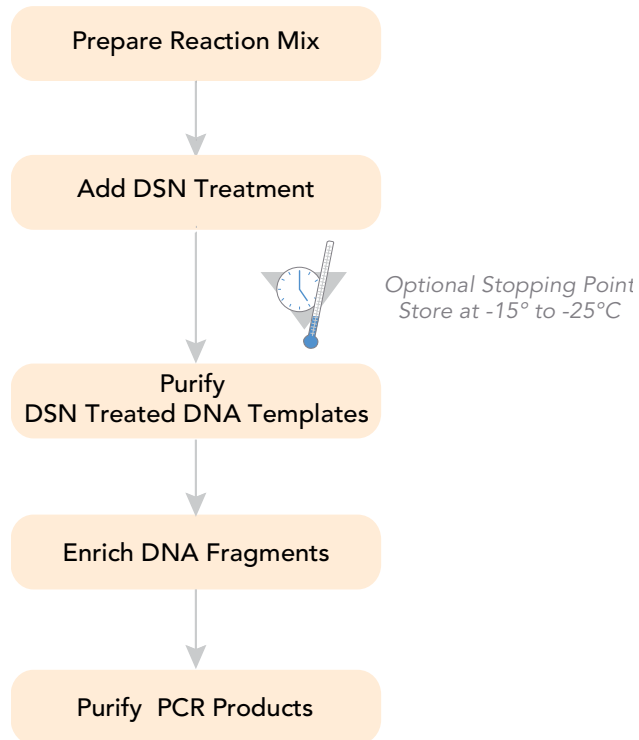


Figure 2 DSN Normalization Workflow



NOTE

See the *mRNA-Seq Sample Preparation Guide* or *Directional mRNA-Seq Library Prep Pre-Release Protocol* available at <http://www.illumina.com/rna>.

User-Supplied Consumables and Equipment

Check to ensure that you have all of the necessary user-supplied consumables and equipment before proceeding to DSN normalization. The requirement of some supplies are dependant upon the intended application of DSN normalization and are specified where necessary.

Table 2 *User-Supplied Consumables*

Consumable	Supplier
1 M HEPES buffer solution	Invitrogen, part # 15630-080
5 M NaCl solution	Ambion, part # AM9760G
5X Phusion™ Buffer and Phusion Polymerase (Finnzymes Oy)	NEB, part # F-530
25 mM dNTP	General lab supplier
96-well V-bottom plate	Axygen, part # P96450V-C
DSN Kit	Evrogen, part # EA001
Ethanol 200 proof (absolute) for molecular biology (500 ml)	Sigma Aldrich, part # E7023
Paired-End Sample Prep Kit [for mRNA-Seq applications]	Illumina, catalog # PE-102-1001 (10 samples) or Illumina, catalog # PE-102-1001 (40 samples)
MicroAmp clean adhesive seal	AB, part # 4306311
MinElute PCR Purification Kit	QIAGEN, part # 28004
Nuclease-free water	Ambion, part # AM9937
Sample library (80–100 ng in 13.5 µl)	Output from your Illumina mRNA-Seq sample preparation
Small RNA Sample Prep Kit [for Directional mRNA-Seq applications]	Illumina, catalog # FC-102-1009 (8 samples) or Illumina, catalog # FC-102-1010 (40 samples)
SPRI beads	Agencourt AMPure, part # 29152

Table 3 *User-Supplied Equipment*

Consumable	Supplier
Heat block	General lab supplier
Magnetic stand-96	Ambion, part # AM10027
Thermal cycler	General lab supplier



NOTE

During the *Add DSN Treatment* process, Illumina recommends having no more than four tubes in the thermal cycler. If you are using more than four tubes, ensure that you have an additional thermal cycler.

Prepare Reaction Mix

This process denatures double stranded (ds) DNA molecules to form single stranded (ss) DNA molecules, followed by their subsequent renaturation. There is a correlation between the time to anneal and the relative concentration in a solution, so DNA molecules derived from highly abundant sources, such as rRNA, tRNA, and housekeeping genes, will re-anneal at a faster rate than those that are derived from less abundant transcripts. At the end of this procedure, the reaction mixture will contain both dsDNA and ssDNA.

Consumables **User-Supplied**

- ▶ 1 M HEPES buffer solution
- ▶ 5 M NaCl solution
- ▶ Nuclease-free water
- ▶ Sample library (80–100 ng in 13.5 μ l)

Preparation

- ▶ Prepare 4x Hybridization Buffer (200 mM Hepes, pH 7.5, 2 M NaCl). Excess buffer can be prepared and stored for future use at -15° to -25° C.



NOTE

Frozen 4x Hybridization Buffer should be removed from storage and allowed to stand to bring it room temperature for at least 15–20 minutes. Ensure that there is no visible pellet or precipitate in the buffer before use.

- ▶ Ensure that the thermal cycler and heat block are located near each other
- ▶ Pre-heat the heat block to 68° C

Procedure

1. Prepare the following reaction mix in a separate, sterile, nuclease-free 200 μ l PCR tube on ice for each sample to be normalized.

Reagent	Volume (μ l)
cDNA sample library (80–100 ng)	13.5
4X Hybridization buffer	4.5
Total Volume Per Sample	18

2. Gently pipette the entire volume up and down to mix thoroughly, then centrifuge briefly.

3. Incubate the reaction mix tube on the thermal cycler using the following PCR cycling conditions:
 - a. 2 minutes at 98°C
 - b. 5 hours at 68°C



Following incubation, keep the thermal cycler lid closed and the temperature held at 68°C. Do not remove the reaction mix tube from thermal cycler prior to and during DSN treatment.

4. Proceed immediately to *Add DSN Treatment*

Add DSN Treatment

This process removes dsDNA, representing highly abundant transcripts, from the reaction mixture by treatment with DSN. DSN is a thermal stable double-stranded nuclease that has been isolated from the Kamchatka crab. DSN will remove the dsDNA while preserving the ssDNA.

Consumables **User-Supplied**

- ▶ DSN Kit

Preparation

- ▶ Dilute the 10X DSN Master buffer supplied in the DSN kit to 2X with nuclease-free water
- ▶ Prepare the DSN Enzyme according to the manufacturers instructions

Procedure

1. Pre-heat the 2X DSN buffer on the pre-heated heat block at 68°C.



Do not remove the 2X DSN buffer from the heat block during DSN treatment.

2. Quickly add 20 μ l of pre-heated 2X DSN buffer to the first reaction mix tube.
3. With the reaction mix tube remaining within the thermal cycler, gently pipette the entire volume up and down 5–8 times to mix thoroughly.



It is important to keep the thermal cycler closed, except for the time necessary to add the 2X DSN buffer and mix. When preparing more than one reaction mix tube, keep the thermal cycler lid closed when extracting the 2X DSN buffer from its tube, then open the thermal cycler lid only for the time necessary to add and mix the 2X DSN buffer.



Illumina recommends having no more than four tubes in the thermal cycler. If you are using more than four tubes, use an additional thermal cycler.

4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for each reaction mix tube.
5. Incubate the reaction mix tubes on the thermal cycler at 68°C for 10 minutes.
6. Quickly add 2 μ l of DSN enzyme to the first reaction mix tube using a 2 μ l pipette.

7. With the reaction mix tube remaining within the thermal cycler, gently pipette the entire volume up and down 5–8 times to mix thoroughly using a pipette set to 40 μ l.



It is important to keep the thermal cycler closed, except for the time necessary to add the DSN enzyme and mix. Failure to do so may decrease the normalization efficiency due to the non-specific digestion of secondary structures formed by ss-DNA.

8. Repeat steps 6 and 7 for each reaction mix tube.
9. Incubate the reaction mix tubes on the thermal cycler at 68°C for 25 minutes.
10. Add 40 μ l of 2X DSN stop solution to each reaction mix tube. Gently pipette the entire volume up and down to mix thoroughly, then centrifuge briefly and place the tubes on ice.



This is a safe stopping point. If you are stopping, store your sample at -15° to -25°C.

Purify DSN Treated DNA Templates

This process purifies DSN treated DNA with SPRI beads.

Consumables

User-Supplied

- ▶ 96-well V-bottom plate
- ▶ Freshly prepared 80% Ethanol (EtOH)
- ▶ MicroAmp clean adhesive seal
- ▶ QIAGEN EB (provided in the MinElute PCR Purification Kit)
- ▶ SPRI beads

Procedure

1. Transfer 80 μ l of each of the samples from step 10 of the *Add DSN Treatment* procedure to a separate well of a new, 96-well V-bottom plate.
2. Vortex the SPRI beads until they are well dispersed, then add 128 μ l of well-mixed SPRI beads to each well of the 96-well V-bottom plate that contains the samples.
3. Gently pipette the entire volume up and down 8 times to mix thoroughly.
4. Incubate the plate for 5 minutes at room temperature.
5. Place the plate on the magnetic stand for 8 minutes at room temperature until the liquid appears clear. Do not remove the plate from the magnetic stand.



To verify that the solution is clear, use a pipette to extract some supernatant to more closely view the beads. If beads are still visible in this supernatant, carefully return the supernatant to the well without disturbing the pellet.

6. Remove and discard the supernatant from the plate with a pipette. Take care not to disturb the SPRI beads.
7. Add 180 μ l of freshly prepared 80% EtOH to each well of the plate that contains the samples, without disturbing the beads. Do not remove the plate from the magnetic stand.
8. Incubate the plate for 30 seconds at room temperature, then remove and discard the supernatant from each well using a multichannel pipette.
9. Repeat steps 6 and 7 once for a total of two 80% EtOH washes.
10. Seal the plate with a MicroAmp Clean Adhesive Seal.
11. Remove the plate from the magnetic stand and briefly centrifuge at 1,000 rpm for 10 seconds.
12. Remove the MicroAmp Clean Adhesive Seal.
13. Place the plate on the magnetic stand for 30 seconds at room temperature, then remove and discard the EtOH using a 10 μ l pipette.

- Heat the plate on the pre-heated heat block for 1–2 minutes at 37°C until the pellet appears dry.



Over-dried beads will contain many cracks in the pellet. If this is the case, place the plate in the magnetic stand. The bead pellet is very light when over-dried and will be easily blown out of the well.

If the bead is not dry enough, the DNA recovery rate is lower due to the remaining EtOH.

- Add 30 μ l of QIAGEN EB to each pellet to elute the DNA. Gently pipette the entire volume up and down 5 times to mix thoroughly.
- Incubate the plate for 2 minutes at room temperature, then gently pipette the entire volume up and down 10 times to mix thoroughly.



If the beads are over-dried, you will need to incubate the plate a longer time.

- Place the plate on the magnetic stand for 1 minute at room temperature.
- Transfer all of each supernatant to a separate, new, nuclease-free, 200 μ l PCR tube.

Enrich DNA Fragments

This process amplifies DSN treated DNA with PCR.

Consumables

User-Supplied

- ▶ 5X Phusion Buffer (Finnzymes Oy)
- ▶ Phusion Polymerase (Finnzymes Oy)
- ▶ 25 mM dNTP
- ▶ Nuclease-free Water
- ▶ For mRNA-Seq applications, the following are provided in the Paired-End Sample Prep Kit:
 - Illumina PCR Primer PE 1.0
 - Illumina PCR Primer PE 2.0
- ▶ For Directional mRNA-Seq applications, the following are provided in the Small RNA Sample Prep Kit:
 - Primer GX1
 - Primer GX2

Procedure

1. Prepare the following PCR reaction mix in a separate, sterile, nuclease-free tube for each of the samples being prepared.

Reagent	Volume (μl)
DSN treated reaction mix (from step 18 of the <i>Purify DSN Treated DNA Templates</i> procedure)	30
5X Phusion buffer	10
Phusion polymerase	0.5
25 mM dNTP	0.5
Nuclease-free water	8
For mRNA-Seq applications: Illumina Primer PE 1.0 Illumina Primer PE 2.0	0.5 0.5
For Directional mRNA-Seq applications: Primer GX1 Primer GX2	0.5 0.5
Total Volume Per Sample	50

2. Amplify the PCR on the thermal cycler using the following PCR cycling conditions, depending upon the application:
 - ▶ For mRNA-Seq applications:
 - a. 30 seconds at 98°C
 - b. 12 cycles of:
 - 10 seconds at 98°C
 - 30 seconds at 65°C
 - 30 seconds at 72°C
 - c. 5 minutes at 72°C
 - d. Hold at 10°C
 - ▶ For Directional mRNA-Seq applications:
 - a. 30 seconds at 98°C
 - b. 12 cycles of:
 - 10 seconds at 98°C
 - 30 seconds at 60°C
 - 15 seconds at 72°C
 - c. 10 minutes at 72°C
 - d. Hold at 4°C

Purify PCR Products

This process purifies PCR product with SPRI beads.

Consumables

User-Supplied

- ▶ 96-well V-bottom plate
- ▶ Freshly prepared 80% Ethanol (EtOH)
- ▶ MicroAmp clean adhesive seal
- ▶ QIAGEN EB (provided in the MinElute PCR Purification Kit)
- ▶ SPRI beads

Procedure

1. Transfer 50 μ l of each of the samples from step 2 of the *Enrich DNA Fragments* procedure to a separate well of a new, 96-well V-bottom plate.
2. Vortex the SPRI beads until they are well dispersed, then add 80 μ l of well-mixed SPRI beads to each well of the 96-well V-bottom plate containing samples. Gently pipette the entire volume up and down 8 times to mix thoroughly.
3. Incubate the plate for 5 minutes at room temperature.
4. Place the plate on the magnetic stand for 8 minutes at room temperature until the liquid appears clear. Do not remove the plate from the magnetic stand.



NOTE

To verify that the solution is clear, use a pipette to extract some supernatant to more closely view the beads. If beads are still visible in this supernatant, carefully return the supernatant to the well without disturbing the pellet.

5. Remove and discard the supernatant from the plate with a pipette. Take care not to disturb the SPRI beads.
6. Add 180 μ l of freshly prepared 80% EtOH to each well of the plate containing samples, without disturbing the beads. Do not remove the plate from the magnetic stand.
7. Incubate the plate for 30 seconds at room temperature, then remove and discard the supernatant from each well using a multichannel pipette.
8. Repeat steps 6 and 7 once for a total of two 80% EtOH washes.
9. Seal the plate with a MicroAmp Clean Adhesive Seal.
10. Remove the plate from the magnetic stand and briefly centrifuge at 1,000 rpm for 10 seconds.
11. Remove the MicroAmp Clean Adhesive Seal.
12. Place the plate on the magnetic stand for 30 seconds at room temperature, then remove and discard the EtOH using a 10 μ l pipette.

- Heat the plate on the pre-heated heat block for 1–2 minutes at 37°C until the pellet appears dry.



Over-dried beads will contain many cracks in the pellet. If this is the case, place the plate in the magnetic stand. The bead pellet is very light when over-dried and will be easily blown out of the well.

If the bead is not dry enough, the DNA recovery rate is lower due to the remaining EtOH.

- Add 20 µl of QIAGEN EB to each pellet to elute the DNA. Gently pipette the entire volume up and down 5 times to mix thoroughly.
- Incubate the plate for 2 minutes at room temperature, then gently pipette the entire volume up and down 10 times to mix thoroughly.



If the beads are over-dried, you will need to incubate the plate a longer time.

- Place the plate on the magnetic stand for 1 minute at room temperature.
- Transfer all of each supernatant to a separate, new, nuclease-free, 200 µl PCR tube. Store the tubes at -15° to -25°C.

The amplification of heavily expressed genes should be reduced in the normalized samples.

Illumina, Inc.
9885 Towne Centre Drive
San Diego, CA 92121-1975
+1.800.809.ILMN (4566)
+1.858.202.4566 (outside North America) techsupport@illumina.com
www.illumina.com

illumina[®]